

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDS)

(Type all entries complete applicable sections)

STATE
Maryland
COUNTY
Howard
FOR NPS USE ONLY
ENTRY DATE

1. NAME

COMMON:

Ellicott City Station

AND/OR HISTORIC:

Ellicott City Station

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER:

Maryland Avenue and Main Streets

CITY OR TOWN:

Ellicott City

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:

7th

STATE

Maryland

CODE

24

COUNTY:

Howard

CODE

027

3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC		
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Object	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Both	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both	Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	<input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress	Yes: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) not open	<input type="checkbox"/> Comments	

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME:

The Chessie System; Mr. John Hanifin, President

STREET AND NUMBER:

2 North Charles Street

CITY OR TOWN:

Baltimore

STATE:

Maryland

CODE

24

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:

Howard County Courthouse--Office Building

STREET AND NUMBER:

Courthouse Drive

CITY OR TOWN:

Ellicott City

STATE

Maryland

CODE

24

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY:

Historic American Building Survey

DATE OF SURVEY: in progress

☐ Federal☐ State☐ County☐ Local

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:

Library of Congress/Annex

STREET AND NUMBER:

Division of Prints and Photographs

CITY OR TOWN:

Washington

STATE:

D.C.

CODE

11

STATE:

COUNTY:

ENTRY NUMBER

DATE

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SEE INSTRUCTIONS

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Baltimore and Ohio Station at Ellicott City, built in 1830-31, is a long oblonged-shaped two-story structure with thick stone walls and a gabled roof that is topped by a small wooden cupola. The first floor, located at street level and is no longer used, is comprised of one large room with earth packed floor. The second floor is divided by thick stone walls and thin wooden partitions into three rooms. This floor, which is at track level, also no longer is used. All windows in the building are boarded up and the station at first glance looks completely deserted and abandoned.

Comparison of the existing structure with a print, published in 1835, indicates that the exterior of the station is virtually unchanged. The interior has been altered over the years by the addition and removal of various wooden partitioned walls, but the three foot thick original stone interior walls are intact and indicate that much of the interior construction is still original. The building is in deteriorating condition and apparently has been left abandoned for some time.

Presently leased to the Historic District Commission of Howard County by its original owners, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, now the Chessie System, restoration plans are in progress though actual work has not yet begun. There is also an archeological excavation in process directly adjacent the south side of the station house. This digging is intended to date one of the two original turntables located at the Ellicott City Station. It is speculated that this turntable is approximately 50 feet in diameter and used as late as 1847. This work is being conducted by students of archeology at Catonsville Community College.

The Ellicott City Station was originally used as a car house. This function changed shortly after its construction. Located directly north of the station is the Old Oliver Viaduct. Though washed away by the flood in 1972, the viaduct has been reconstructed. There is also located within the boundaries an old work shop. This building dates back the mid-nineteenth century and holds an integral place in the history of the station at Ellicott City.

BOUNDARY INFORMATION AND JUSTIFICATION

As lined in red on the accompanying map entitled "The Historic District Commission of Howard County" beginning at the junction of Maryland Avenue and St. Paul Streets, proceed due east to the western shoreline of the Tiber River, this forms the southern boundary; thence north along the western shoreline to a point of intersection with the north side of the Main Street Bridge, this forms the eastern boundary; thence west along the northern side of Main Street to a point of junction with Maryland Avenue, this forms the northern

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICENATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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(NATIONAL HISTORIC
LANDMARKS)

CONTINUATION SHEET

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ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE 2

boundary; thence south along the eastern side of Maryland Avenue to
the point of origin.

2. SIGNIFICANCE			
PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian	<input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 18th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) 1830 (date of construction)			
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> Education	<input type="checkbox"/> Political	<input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<input type="checkbox"/> Historic	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Industry	<input type="checkbox"/> Science	
<input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Invention	<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture	
<input type="checkbox"/> Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian	
<input type="checkbox"/> Art	<input type="checkbox"/> Literature	<input type="checkbox"/> Theater	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation	
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications	<input type="checkbox"/> Music		
<input type="checkbox"/> Conservation			
STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE			
<p>The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Station at Ellicott City, erected in 1830-31, is the oldest railroad station in the United States. It served as the original terminus of the railroad's original 13-miles section of track. Over this line, in August, 1830, the locomotive Tom Thumb raced a horse drawn car and lost, because of mechanical failure. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was the first railroad to be chartered as a common carrier of both freight and passengers and its supporters, moreover, looked beyond purely local needs to envisage a line all the way to the Ohio River that would channel the growing western trade through the port of Baltimore. This new form of transportation, it was hoped, would serve to counter the dominance of New York City as the nation's major port and financial center after the completion of The Erie Canal. The financial success of this first portion of track gave impetus to further westward development of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad as well as the construction of other American railroads that were just getting underway.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>HISTORY</u></p> <p>The railroad, like the turnpike and the canal, was first built to attach large tributary areas to the Atlantic seaboard ports. The rivalry of these coastal cities resulted in an intense competition to reach the agricultural regions of the West by the rapid construction of eastwest transportation routes. The great railroad construction race that was about to begin in 1830 was precipitated by the economic overlordship bestowed upon New York City by the Erie Canal. Outdistanced rival ports had generally reacted with the construction of their own canals, but the topographical features in these other areas could not duplicate those that so greatly favored the Erie canal. Coastal cities were thus stimulated to seek some new device that would equalize the race for inland markets.</p> <p>Baltimore, left by the wayside in the 1828 plans for the development of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, countered with a scheme of her own, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. City merchants incorporated the railroad company on February 28, 1827 and by April 1828, surveys for the proposed first 13 mile section had been completed. Between Baltimore and Ellicott City, the railroad was to follow the Patapsco</p>			

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE ENTERED

(NATIONAL HISTORIC
LANDMARKS)

CONTINUATION SHEET

1

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River because of the easy grades.

On July 4, 1828, the same date that the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company also began construction, Maryland's leading citizen, Charles Carroll of Carrollton, turned the first shovel of earth for the railroad; the race westward between the two rival forms of transportation was on. Construction of the roadbed, however, proved to be more costly and difficult than the company had anticipated, and expenses averaged about 17,00 dollars per mile. Two large viaducts had to be erected--The Carrollton Viaduct over Gwyns Falls, which still stands, and the Patterson Viaduct over the Patapsco River, the ruins of which can be seen at Ellicott City. Accidents and frequent riots among the poorly-paid laborers further slowed the pace of construction. But by October 1829 the workers began to lay the important English rails and by the following spring the single track ran to Ellicott City.

The Baltimore and Ohio proudly announced the inauguration of regular rail service to Ellicott City on May 24, 1830. Three trips a day would be made and the round trip of 26 miles would cost 75 cents. The Pioneer, the lead car of four individually horse drawn cars forming the initial train, led the first train to Ellicott City, thus initialing the beginning of rail service in the United States. The first one-and-one-half hour trip achieved instant popularity, and during the first 30 days the company earned \$1,000 a week.

In August 1830, the locomotive, Tom Thumb raced a horse drawn car down a parallel second track. Though the engine lost the first race because of mechanical failure, by July 1831 the Tom Thumb was operating regularly on the road at a rate of 18 to 20 miles per hour for those who wished to travel by steam.

The success of the first 13 miles of track undoubtedly spurred the further western development of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Late in 1834, its tracks reached Harper's Ferry. By 1842 the railroad had reached Cumberland, eight years ahead of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and in 1852 the Baltimore and Ohio finally crossed the Appalachian Mountains and entered Wheeling on the Ohio River.

*Statement of Significance taken from the Special Report "Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Station, Ellicott City, Maryland" by Charles W. Snell Landmark Files, Historic Sites Survey, National Park Service.

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Barnes, Frank, et. al., Mount Clare Station, Baltimore and Ohio Transportation Museum, (Ms. Report, National Park Service Files, 1962).
Hungerford, Edgar, The Story of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad 1827-1927, (2 vols., New York, 1927).
Varle, Charles A., A Complete View of Baltimore with a Statistical Sketch (Baltimore, 1833).

NO-71

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	UTM	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds
NW	° ' "	° ' "			
NE	° ' "	° ' "			
SE	° ' "	° ' "			
SW	° ' "	° ' "			

18.345120.4347770

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: less than 1 acre

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES		CODE
STATE:	CODE COUNTY	
STATE:	CODE COUNTY:	
STATE:	CODE COUNTY:	
STATE:	CODE COUNTY:	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: Joseph Scott Mendinghall, Historian		DATE 2/25/75
ORGANIZATION National Park Service, Historic Sites Survey		
STREET AND NUMBER: 1100 L. Street, N.W.		
CITY OR TOWN: Washington	STATE D.C. 20240	CODE 11

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National ☐ State ☐ Local ☐

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)

Name _____

Title _____

Date _____

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK)
Designated: Nov 24/1962

Director, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARK)
Cornelius White 8-10-75

Date _____

ATTEST: _____

Boundary & Landmark

Keeper of The National Register
Director, OHP

Date _____

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST WORKSHEET

NOMINATION FORM
for the
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES, NATIONAL PARKS SERVICE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

1. NAME					
COMMON: <i>Ellicott City Railroad Station (B & O) Freight Building & Turntable</i>					
AND/OR HISTORIC: <i>same</i>					
2. LOCATION					
STREET AND NUMBER: <i>Maryland Ave & Main St.</i>					
CITY OR TOWN: <i>Ellicott City</i>					
STATE <i>Maryland</i>			COUNTY: <i>Howard</i>		
3. CLASSIFICATION					
CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Structure <input type="checkbox"/> Object		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both		<input type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress	Yes: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)					
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment		<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum		<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <i>Being restored for museum & educational use</i>	
4. OWNER OF PROPERTY					
OWNER'S NAME: <i>Howard County, Maryland (under lease & purchase agreement with B & O RR)</i>					
STREET AND NUMBER: <i>County Office Building</i>					
CITY OR TOWN: <i>Ellicott City 21043</i>			STATE: <i>Maryland</i>		
5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION					
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF OEEOS, ETC:					
STREET AND NUMBER:					
CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		
Title Reference of Current Deed (Book & Pg. #):					
6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS					
TITLE OF SURVEY: <i>STATION NAT. HIST. LANDMARK</i>					
DATE OF SURVEY: <input type="checkbox"/> Federal <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local					
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:					
STREET AND NUMBER:					
CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		

7. DESCRIPTION	
CONDITION	<div>(Check One)</div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Excellent <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Good <input type="checkbox"/> Fair <input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated <input type="checkbox"/> Ruins <input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed </div>
	<div>(Check One)</div> <div> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered <input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered </div>
<div>(Check One)</div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> Moved <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site </div>	
DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE	
Empty space for description	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

7. Description

The B & O Railroad Station at Ellicott City, formerly Ellicott's Mills, is a stone structure built of local granite which was given to the Railroad by the Ellicotts from one of their local quarries.

The land upon which the building is located was also donated by the Ellicotts, George, Samuel, Andrew and John.

The structure was a two story building which parallels the Old Main Line of the B & O Railroad Company. Having a width of approximately 25 feet and a length of approximately 90 feet, the upper level of the station is at track level while the lower level is at street level on Maryland Avenue.

Built in 1829-30, it was designed for use as a car house, produce house and superintendent's office. The car house was at the southern end of the building which was equipped with large doors to accomodate the entrance into the building by locomotives and cars. There still exists, track notches on the floor joist in this end of the building indicating that the trains were pulled into the upper level and that the floor was open which permitted the underneath to be worked on from the lower level. In addition, this section of the car house there still exists two large ^{COPPER} funnels in the overhead area of the upper level. One of these funnels aligns with the stack on the vertical boiler engines such as the Tom Thumb, York and Atlantic and the other funnel which was obviously installed at a later date aligns with the stack on the horizontal boiler engines such as the Lafayette.

7. Description (Continued)

This is the only station known to still be in existence which was designed to accomodate the servicing of engines in this manner. Its use as such was shortly to become impractical because of the rapid growth of the size of steam engines and it appears that early in the 1840's the doors were closed off and the building was no longer used in this manner.

Another interesting feature of the building was the fact that the center of the building which was used for the reception of produce was in fact a large open area two ^{stories} ~~storeys~~ in height. Produce was brought into the building at the lower level on Maryland Avenue and was raised by use of some type of lift to the track level of the building.

The building remains basically the same as originally constructed with the exception of the opening and closing of some doors and windows.

The funnels, track notches, original opening in the ceiling area for the lift to operate in the produce room and many other unusual features unique to this building still exist. A detailed architectural description is found in the attached "Heritage"-Vol.1, No.5.

In addition to the stone structure, a smaller brick structure was built in 1885 as a freight warehouse. This was necessitated by the rapid expansion of passenger use on the Old Main Line and is indicative of the splendid brick work of the time. It continues to exist as built in that era and is being preserved for that reason.

Located between the stone station house and the brick freight building is the remains of a turntable. The turntable is built also of native granite and is 50' in diameter. Built in the early 1840's, when the trains were no longer pulled into the station house, the turn-

7. Description (cont'd)

table accomodating the ^{ing of} turn engines for their return trip from Ellicott Mills to Baltimore. This site has been the project of an archeological dig and there have been uncovered a number of the original timbers, supports, etc. The original floor area apparently was of cinder fill and was later improved with cobblestones. When the turntable area was filled in, in later years, much of it was permitted to remain. As it is being uncovered, it will be used as part of the proposed museum.

This entire complex will house a museum-information center in Ellicott City. The large stone station which is presently on the National Register would not be complete without the addition of the brick freight building and the turntable, all of which are being restored under the ownership of Howard County and the sponsorship of Historic Ellicott City, Inc.

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Pre-Columbian	<input type="checkbox"/> 16th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 18th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 20th Century
<input type="checkbox"/> 15th Century	<input type="checkbox"/> 17th Century	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 19th Century	

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) 1830 Station 1885 Freight Bldg.

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

<input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal	<input type="checkbox"/> Education	<input type="checkbox"/> Political	<input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning
<input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric	<input type="checkbox"/> Engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Historic	<input type="checkbox"/> Industry		
<input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> Invention	<input type="checkbox"/> Science	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Landscape	<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture	
<input type="checkbox"/> Art	<input type="checkbox"/> Architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian	
<input type="checkbox"/> Commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> Literature	<input type="checkbox"/> Theater	
<input type="checkbox"/> Communications	<input type="checkbox"/> Military	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transportation	
<input type="checkbox"/> Conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> Music		

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

8. Significance

Ellicott's Mills was the terminus of the first 13 miles of commercial railroading to be constructed in this Country.

It is believed that the stone station itself was engineered and designed to be part of the Oliver Viaduct which overpasses Frederick Road (the Old National Pike). The cornerstone for the Viaduct was laid on July 4, 1829 and it abuts the station. The exterior of the wall of the stone station ties into a stone retaining wall which parallels the Main Line track in a southerly direction toward Baltimore.

The Railroad had planned to use Ellicott's Mills as a Depot and a portion of the first track laid was laid in Ellicott's Mills having been completed as early as 1828. The station was planned for use as the office of the Superintendent of Construction and it was from this office that a great deal of the construction for the first 13 miles was supervised and after completion this office was used for many years as the Superintendent's Office as the Railroad pressed westward.

Public response to the railroad was tremendously successful and the trip from Baltimore to Ellicott's Mills became a must. Although the railroad had not anticipated passenger service, it suddenly found this to be an instant success and business flourished. During this period the Ellicott's Mills Railroad Station was the scene for arrival and departure of Presidents, political aspirants, foreign dignitaries and just plain people interested in the thrill of a ride on the iron horse.

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9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Heritage Newsletter of Historic Ellicott City, Inc. June 1974 Vol. 1 No. 5

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees	Minutes	Seconds
NW	° ' "	° ' "		°	'	"
NE	° ' "	° ' "		°	'	"
SE	° ' "	° ' "		°	'	"
SW	° ' "	° ' "		°	'	"

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: *app. 1½ acres*

Acreage Justification:

Land & building deeded to Howard County by B & O RR & enclosed in construction: fence-i.e. Station, turntable, & lands in between freight station.

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:		COUNTY:	
STATE:		COUNTY:	
STATE:		COUNTY:	
STATE:		COUNTY:	

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: <i>Enalee Bounds (Mrs. Roland) Restoration Chm. Jean O. Hannon, v. pres. HEC</i>	
ORGANIZATION: <i>Historic Ellicott City, Inc.</i>	DATE: <i>1/75</i>
STREET AND NUMBER: <i>2416 McKenzie Rd.</i>	
CITY OR TOWN: <i>Ellicott City</i>	STATE: <i>Md. 21043</i>

12. State Liaison Officer Review: (Office Use Only)

Significance of this property is:

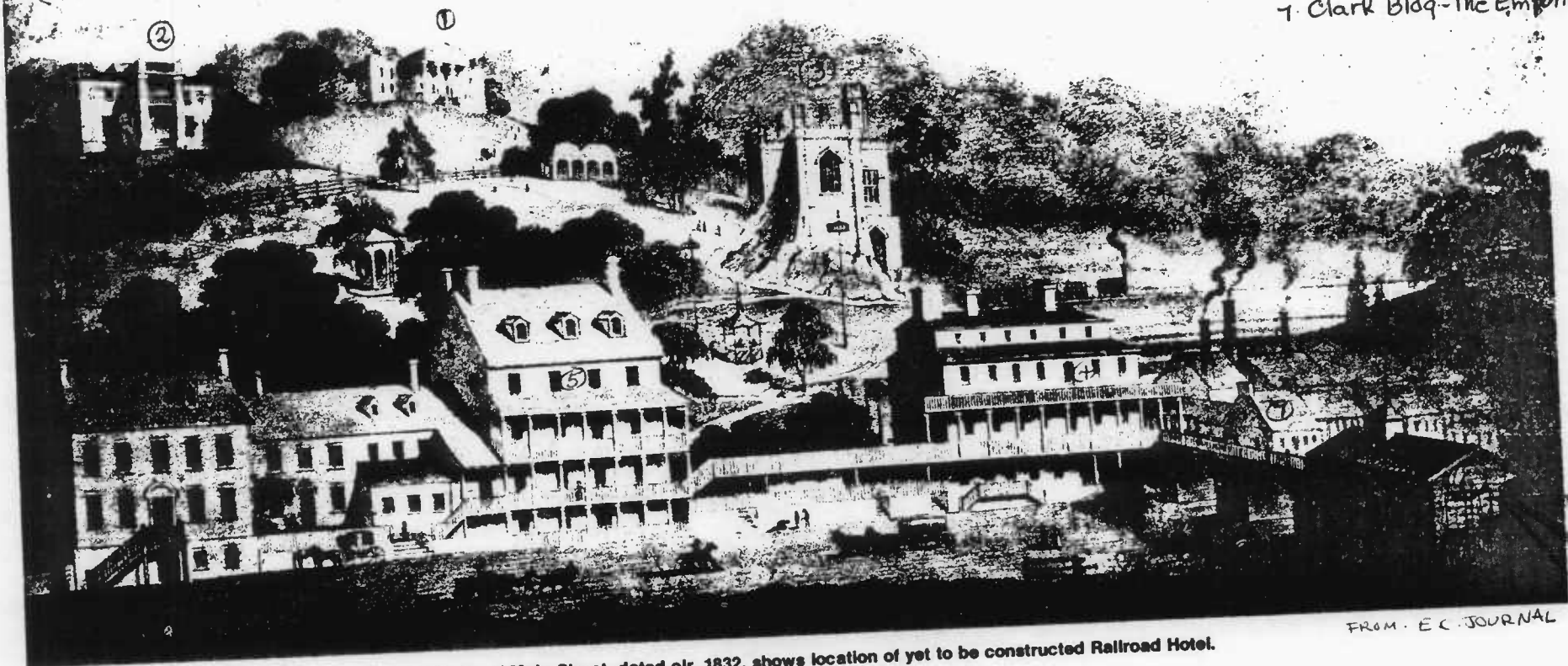
National ☐ State ☐ Local ☐

Signature _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

A SKETCH FROM ROCK HILL.

- Key:
1. Patapsco Female Institute
 2. Mt. Ida
 3. Angelo Cottage
 4. Patapsco Hotel
 5. Town Hall - Opera House
 6. B+O. Station
 7. Clark Bldg - the Emporium



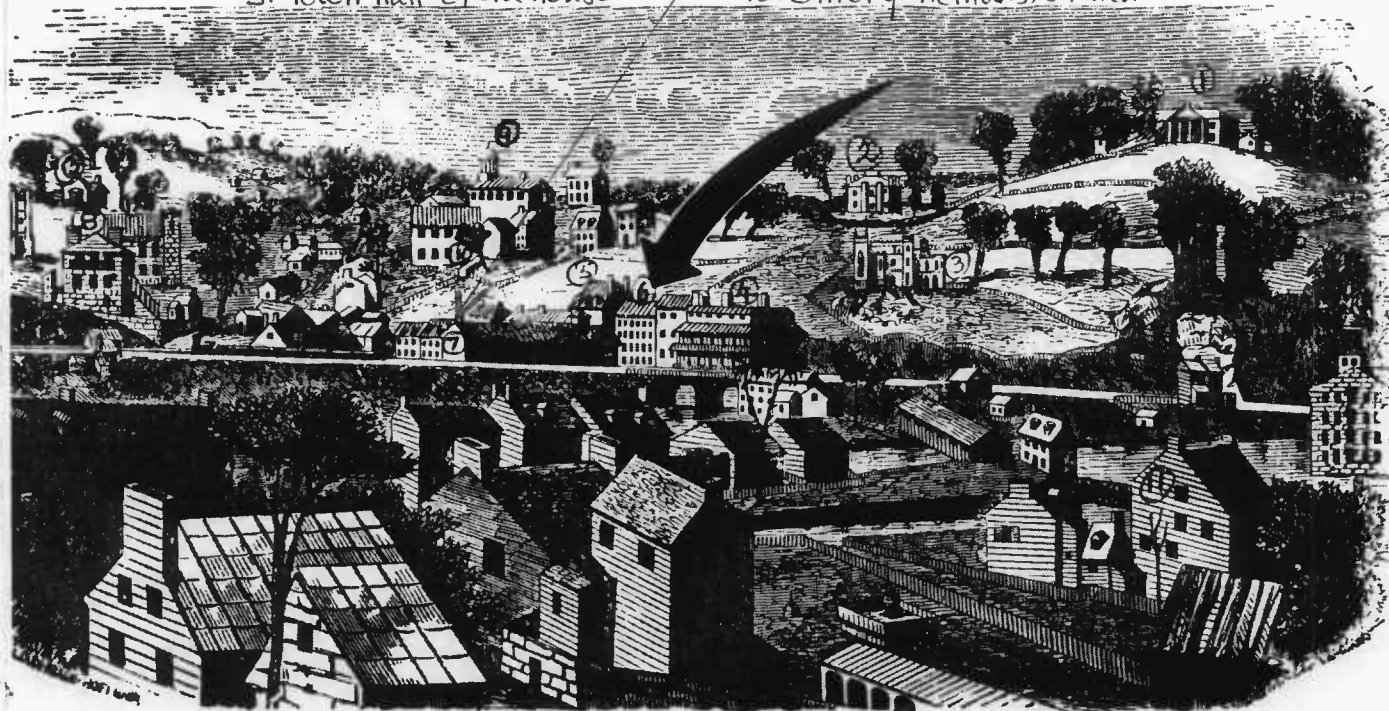
Lithography of Main Street, dated cir. 1832, shows location of yet to be constructed Railroad Hotel.

FROM E. C. JOURNAL

1. Patapsco Female Institute
2. Mt. Ida
3. Angelo Cottage
4. Patapsco Hotel
5. Town Hall-Opera House

6. Railroad Hotel
7. B+O. Station
8. ORIG. Patapsco Bank Bldg.
9. Court House
10. Emory Methodist Church

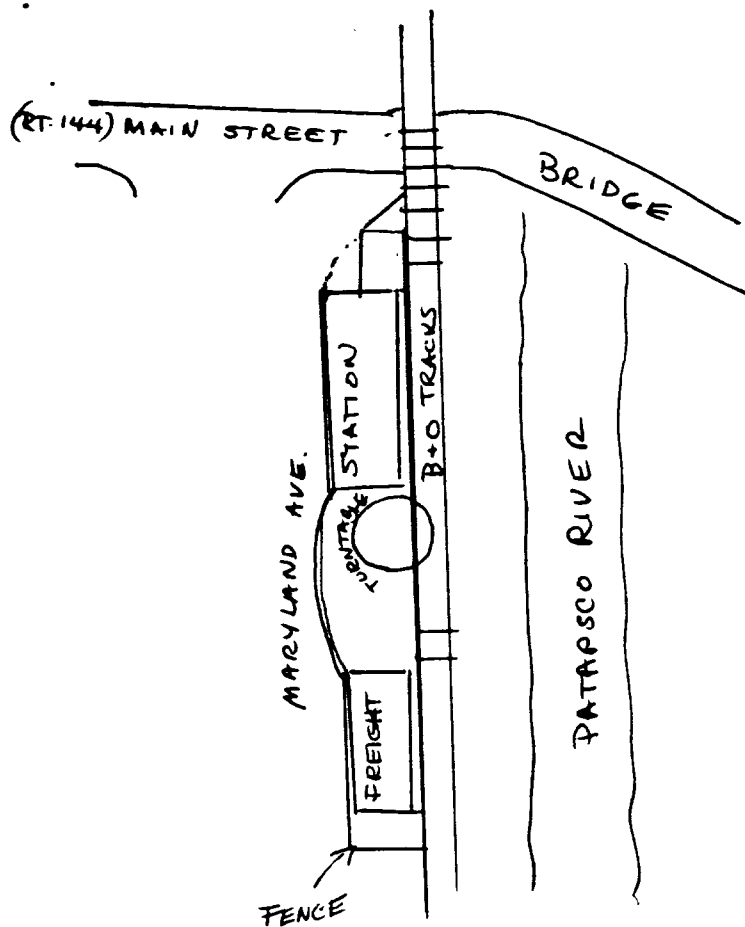
11. Geo. Ellicott House
12. St. Paul's Catholic Ch.
13. Quaker Meeting House



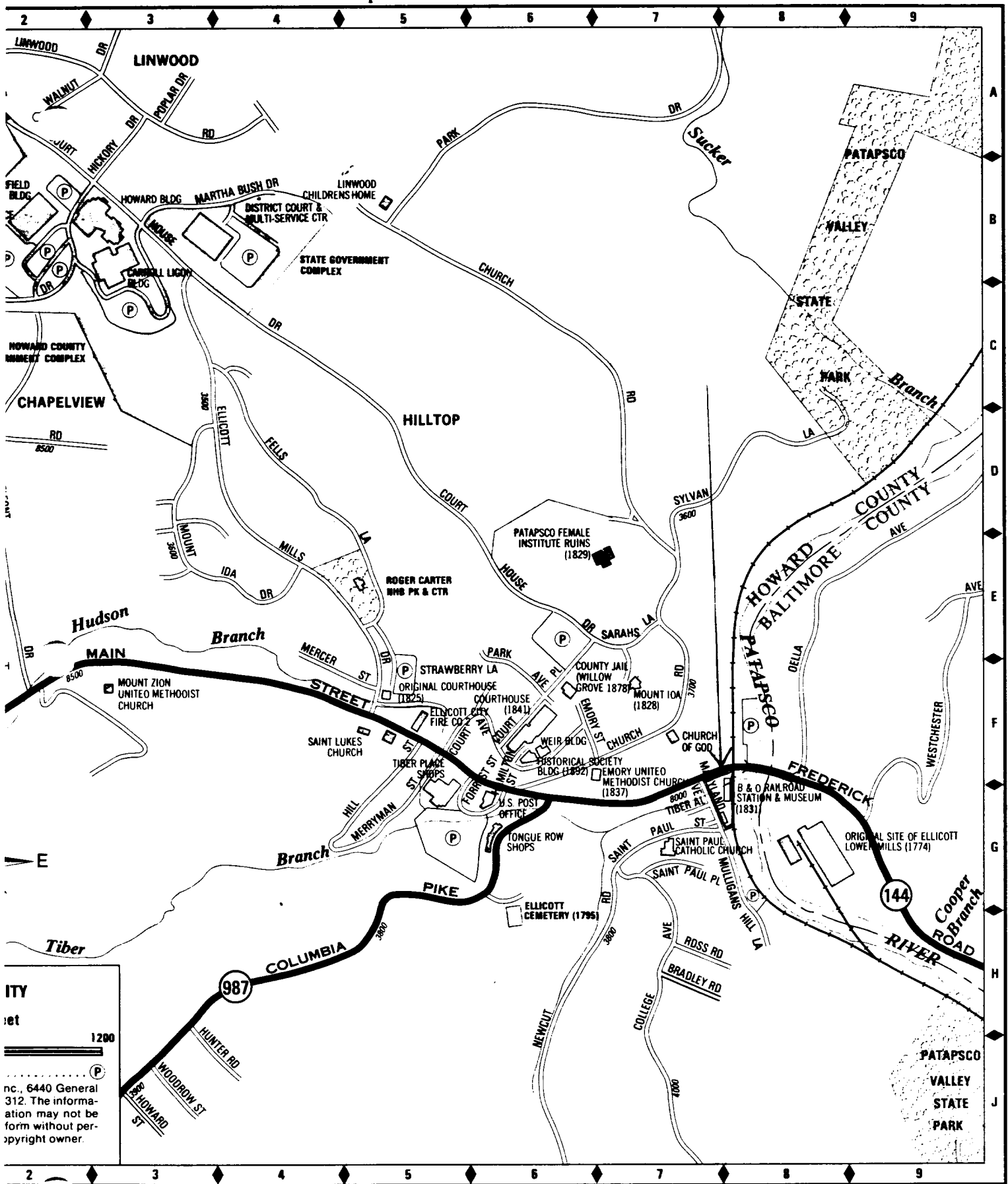
ELLICOTT'S MILLS, MARYLAND.

FROM 'E.C. JOURNAL

The Railroad Hotel can be located in this etching, dated cir. 1840.



B & O STATION



Linwood Rd A-2
Main St E-2
Martha Bush Dr B-3
Maryland Ave F-7
Mercer St E-4
Merryman St G-5
Willican Hill La G-8

Tiber Al G-7
Walnut Dr A-2
Westchester Ave F-9
Woodrow St J-3

ROUTE

GOVERNMENT FEATURES

County jail F-6
County Police B-1
Courthouse F-6
District Court B-4

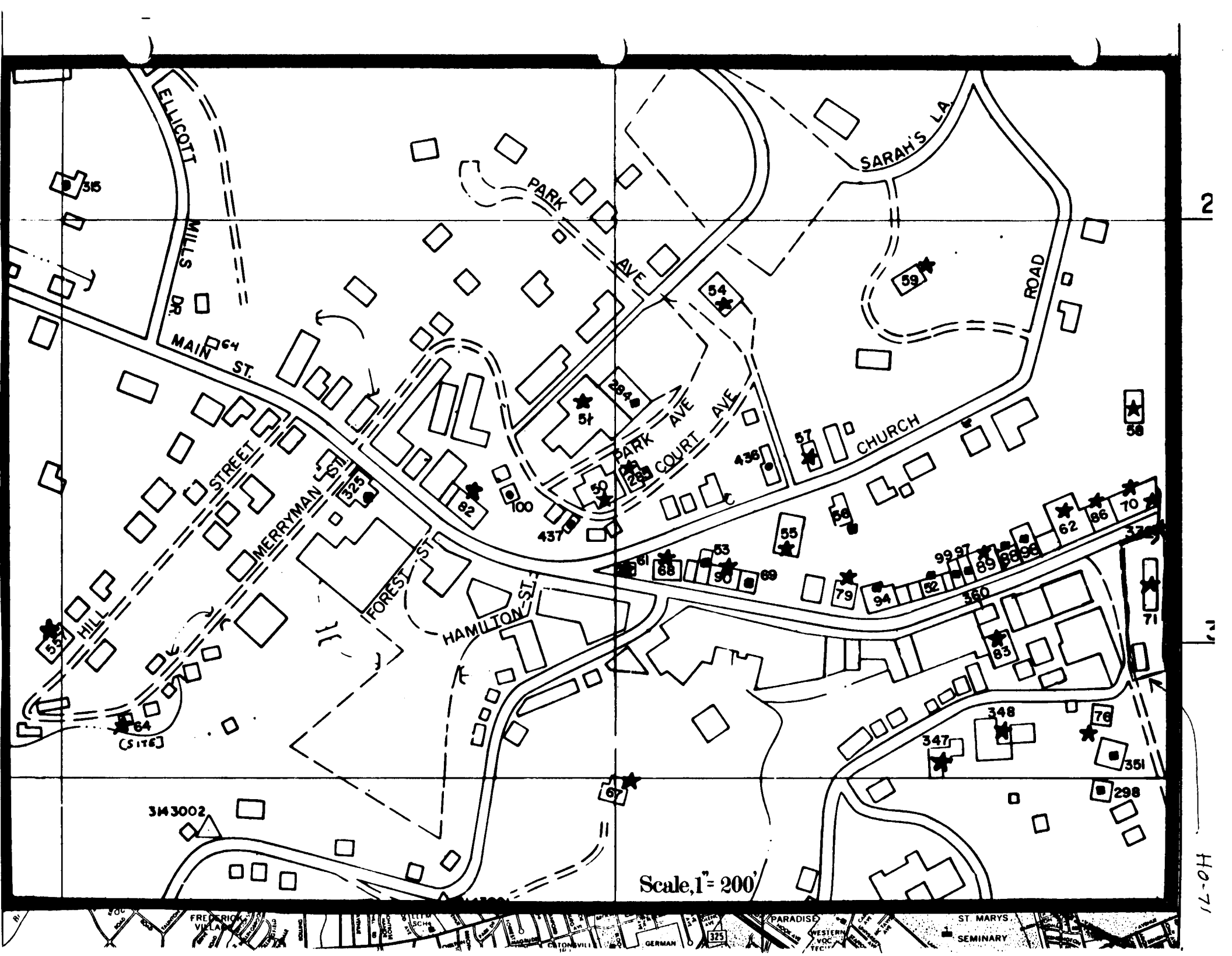
PARKS

Patapsco Valley Stte Pk
A-9, J-9
Roger Carter NBHD Pk E-5

PLACE

POINTS OF INTEREST

B & O Station & Museum G-8
Ellicott Cemetery G-6
Original Courthouse F-5
Patapsco Female Inst Ruin E-6



Scale, 1" = 200'

H0-71

ELLICOTT CITY

(BN. 233)

Ellicott City Station
U.S.G.S. 7.5' series map
Ellicott City, Maryland
Quadrangle

UTM

18.345120.4347770

CATONSVILLE

PATAPSCO

STATE PARK

Ilchester

St. Marys College

INTERIOR-GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WASHINGTON D.C. - 1967

SCALE 1:24,000

1 MILE

1 KILOMETER

CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 FEET

DATUM IS MEAN SEA LEVEL



QUADRANGLE LOCATION

ROAD CLASSIFICATION

Heavy-duty ——— Light-duty ———
Medium-duty ——— Unimproved dirt
○ Interstate Route ○ U.S. Route ○ State Route

ELLICOTT CITY, MD.

SE/4 ELLICOTT 15' QUADRANGLE

N3915-W7645/7.5

1953

PHOTOREVISED 1966

AMS 5662 IV SE-SERIES V833

CONFORMS WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20242
TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

HO-71

831

FEB
75



112-71

Elizabethtown City Station

South-western City Station

FEB

75



B+C STATION

E. SIDE

•
FEB

75



HO-71

FREIGHT STATION

B + C - W. SIDE